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Ongoing LTE Commercialization

- 351 Operators in 104 Countries are investing in LTE
- 105 LTE Commercial LTE Networks Launched in 48 Countries



[Source: GSA, Global Mobile Suppliers Alliance, 2012.10]



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LTE: Fast Market Growth

- 100 LTE Commercial Launches within 3 years of the first launch
 - WCDMA took longer than 4 year for 100 commercial launches
- 100M LTE Subscribers within 3.3 year expected



[Source: DoCoMo, 2012.11]

[Source: Samsung, 4G World Key Note Speech, 2012.10]

Samsung's Contribution to LTE

Timely LTE devices for early market development

- 1st Pre-Commercial LTE Dongle (GT-B3710, for TeliaSonera, Dec 2009)
- 1st Commercial LTE Dongle
- 1st LTE Handset

(GT-B3730, for TeliaSonera, Jun 2010) (SCH-R900, for Metro PCS, Sep 2010)





105 operators

3GPP Technologies

- 3GPP has developed GSM, UMTS, HSPA and LTE standards
- WCDMA/HSPA is known as 3G, LTE/LTE-A is known as 4G mobile technologies



3GPP as the global standards body

3GPP is a Partnership Project

- 6 Regional standards organizations and 13 Market representing partners
- 390 individual member companies from 39 countries



13 Market Representative Partners







3GPP Technology Roadmap

- **3GPP technologies are based on CDMA and OFDMA technologies**
 - WCDMA and HDPA are based on CDMA
 - LTE is based on OFDMA





3GPP Core Network Evolution

- 3GPP Network has evolved from 4 tier architecture to 3 tier architecture



3GPP WCDMA/HSPA Evolution

- AMC and HARQ are the key technologies for HSDPA & HSUPA
- MIMO, 64 QAM and multi-carrier are the key technologies for HSPA & HSPA+



3GPP LTE Evolution

- For Rel-8/9 LTE, OFDMA and 4x4 MIMO/64 QAM enables high peak data rate
- For Rel-10 LTE-A, 8x8 MIMO and Carrier Aggregation are the key technologies
- For Rel-11 LTE-A, CoMP improves cell capacity rather than peak data rate



CA: Carrier Aggregation, CoMP: Coordinated Multi-Point Operation





Peak data rate is not the main goal for the evolution

Directions of evolution: "The Cube" döcomo



Main Challenges for the Future

- User QoE decrease and operator cost increase due to mobile traffic growth
- **Operator revenue growth slows**



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Mobile Traffic

- Major contribution to Mobile Traffic is from Video contents
- OTT providers are consuming the mobile video

Mobile VoIP (0.3%)
Mobile Gaming (1.1%)
Mobile File Sharing (3.3%)
Mobile M2M (4.7%)
Mobile Web/Data (20.0%)
Mobile Video (70.5%)





12/26



OTT: Over-The-Top

3GPP RAN Workshop in June





Potential Rel-12/13 RAN WI/SI



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RAN WG1

Other WG

Three Categories Rel-12 & 13 Features



higher freq. band, e.g. 3.5 GHz

✓ Inter site CA

- ✓ Enhanced discovery / mobility
- ✓ Interference management
- ✓ Dynamic TDD



Multi-antenna/site technologies

✓ Inter-eNB CoMP

- ✓ 3D channel model
- ✓ Vertical beamforming
- ✓ FD-MIMO
- ✓ Enhanced MU-MIMO



Energy efficient communication

/ Diverse traffic type support

- ✓ Machine Type Comm
- ✓ New Carrier Type
- ✓ VoLTE enhancement
- ✓ MDT/SON enhancement

Rel-12 & 13 (LTE-Beyond 4G)

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1. Small Cell Enhancement

- High frequency band (> 3GHz) targeted for small cell enhancement
- Inter eNB Carrier Aggregation is a key solution





Issues in Small Cell Enhancement

- Overhead due to frequent cell change
- Inter-frequency mobility
- Power consumption due to cell discovery
- Need to consider non-ideal backhaul







2. CoMP Enhancement

- CoMP enhancement for Inter-eNB CoMP with non-ideal backhaul
- Centralized Scheduler is the key feature to enable Inter-eNB CoMP



- Scenario1: Intra-eNB CoMP in homogeneous deployment
- Scenario2: Inter-eNB CoMP in homogeneous deployment
- Scenario3: Inter-cell CoMP in heterogeneous deployment
- Scenario4: Distributed antenna system with shared cell ID



AAS: Active Antenna System

3. Full Dimension MIMO (1/2)

 Full Dimension MIMO (FD-MIMO) is a promising tech pology for Macro or capacity improvement

2D Active Antenna Array (AAA) & up 1) to 64* Tx antenna ports at eNB MU-MIMO with 10s of UEs 2)

* For 2.5GHz carrier frequency. More antenna ports possible for higher frequency. 4V X 8H 96 cm Transceiver Array Panel 48 cm FD-MIMO eNE High order MU-MIMO transmission to more than 10 UEs LTE Infrast

Full Dimension MIMO with 2D AAS







Expected Performance gain from Rel-12 & 13







3GPP SA Workshop in December

- TSG-SA WS on Release 12 Prioritization, December 10, 2012 in Barcelona, Spain
 - 26 presentations are submitted





3GPP SA Workshop

Key Features for Network Evolution will be indentified



Improve for Delivery of Applications (Better understanding of application and network)

1. User Plane Congestion management (UPCON)

Features for New Market Potential (New service enabler)

2. Machine Type and other mobile data applications Comm. Enhancements

Increase Available Bandwidth (Better offloading / Reduce backhaul usage)

3. WLAN Network Selection for 3GPP Terminals

4. LIPA Mobility and SIPTO at the Local Network

QoE Improvement

Cost Reduction / Revenue Increase

3GPP SA Workshop

QoE improvement by considering network status at application/service



A new NGMN Project for Network evolution

Mobile Video Traffic Optimization is one of the most important projects in NGMN



Summary

- Many promising technologies have been identified in 3GPP
- Operator and consumer benefit should be carefully considered when new

technologies are introduced for Beyond 4G

